

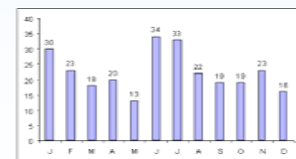
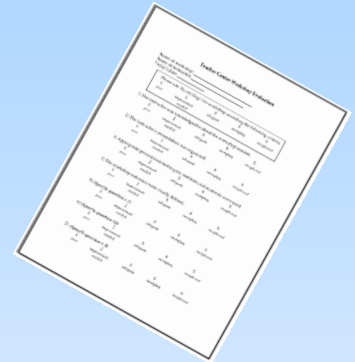
Fact Finding Techniques...

Questionnaires

- ❖ Special purpose documents
- ❖ Allow the analysts to collect information and opinions from a large audience.

Advantages :

- Most questionnaires can be answered quickly
- Allow individuals to maintain anonymity
- Relatively inexpensive way of gathering data.
- Responses can be tabulated and analyzed quickly *etc.*

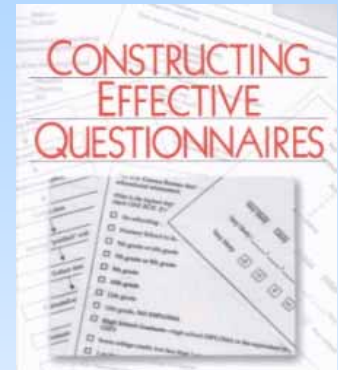


Fact Finding Techniques...

Questionnaires...

Disadvantages:

- The number of respondents is often low
- Mostly suited for closed questions
- No guarantee that an individual will answer or expand on all the questions
- Good Questionnaires are difficult to prepare
- No immediate opportunity to clarify a vague or incomplete answer to any question.



Fact Finding Techniques...

Questionnaires...

Types of Questionnaires

- **Free-format** : A question is asked, and the respondent records the answer in the space provided after the question.
- **Fixed-format** : contains questions that require specific responses from individuals

Fact Finding Techniques...

Questionnaires...

There are 3 types of fixed-format questions

1. **multiple-choice questions**: Given several answers to select one. e.g. Yes, No type
2. **rating questions**: Given a statement and asked to use supplied responses to state an opinion.
3. **ranking questions**: Given several possible answers to be ranked in order of preference or experience

Refer Page 221-222 Ref1

Fact Finding Techniques...

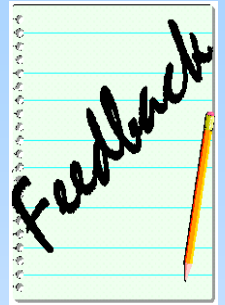


Interviews

- Most commonly used technique in analysis
- Collects information from individuals face to face.
- Must possess good human relations skills for dealing effectively with different type of people
- Can be used to achieve any of the following goals:
 - * *find facts*
 - * *verify facts*
 - * *generate enthusiasm*
 - * *solicit ideas and opinions.*
 - * *get the end-user involved*
 - * *clarify facts*
 - * *identify requirements*



Fact Finding Techniques...



Interviews...

Advantages

- Gives the analyst an opportunity to motivate the interviewee to respond freely and openly to questions.
- Allow the analyst to look for more feedback from the interviewee.
- Permit the analyst to ask questions from each individual etc.
- New ideas may arise



Fact Finding Techniques...

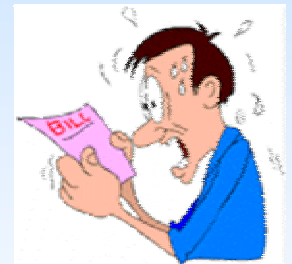


Interviews...



Disadvantages

- Very time consuming. Therefore costly approach
- Success of interviews is highly dependent on the systems analyst's human relations skill.
- Interviews may be impractical due to the location of interviewees etc.



Fact Finding Techniques...

Interviews...

Types of Interviews

- **Unstructured interviews**
 - conducted with only a general goal / subject in mind
 - contain only a few questions if any, specific ones
 - Interviewer counts on interviewee to provide a framework and direct the conversation
- **Structured interviews**
 - interviewer has a specific set of questions to ask of the interviewee



Fact Finding Techniques...

Interviews...

Types of Interview Questions

- **Open-ended questions**
 - Allows the interviewee to respond in any way that seems appropriate
- **Closed-ended questions**
 - Restrict answers to either specific choices or short, direct responses